

Intimations.

DAKIN, CRUICKSHANK & CO., LD.

D. C. & Co's

DISINFECTING FLUID.

Similar to Condy's at quarter the price.

Large bottles.....\$2.50

Per gallon.....\$2.00

This is a safe and reliable disinfectant and is not poisonous.

N O better preventive against Plague and Disease is possible than a well disinfected house.

DAKIN, CRUICKSHANK & COMPANY, LIMITED,
VICTORIA DISPENSARY,
HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 21st May, 1894. 136

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

DISINFECTANTS.

CARBOLIC POWDER.

For the purification of Houses, Cess-pools, Drains, Water-closets, &c., and for the Disinfection of Sick-rooms.

CARBOLIC ACID.

For Disinfecting Purposes.

Half an ounce (about one table-spoonful) of this Acid when wellmixed with one quart of water forms a superior disinfecting and deodorizing fluid.

Half a pint of the Solution thus formed, when added to any vessel used in the Sick-room, will prevent any unpleasant effluvia, and preserve the contents for Medical inspection. It also purifies Drains, Water-closets, &c.

A tea-spoonful of Carbolic Acid exposed on a plate or other vessels in a Sick-room will purify the air and prevent contagion.

PERMANGANATE DISINFECTANT,
Similar to Condy's but cheaper,
50 cents a quart bottle.

A nice clean disinfectant for Dwelling-rooms and Bath-rooms.

CAMPHYLENE POWDER.

CAMPHYLENE BALLS.

CAMPHYLENE BLOCKS.

JEVES' POWDER.

JEVES' FLUID.

NAPHTHALINE.

QUICKLIME.

IZAL.

CONDY'S FLUID.

CONDY'S POWDER.

SANITAS POWDER.

SANITAS FLUID.

At the present time disinfectants ought to be used freely by all.

All disinfectants used on the higher levels of the city will, in addition to purifying the house drains in which they are used, beneficially affect the condition of the drains on the lower levels and should be used freely.

Further information can be obtained by personal application to

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.
THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.
Hongkong, 16th May, 1894.

BIRTH.

At Foochow, on May 19th, the wife of G. SIMMONS, of a son.

The Hongkong Telegraph
HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, MAY 30, 1894.

TELEGRAMS.

THE DUCHY OF LANCASTER.

LONDON, 28th May, 1894.

Lord Tweedmouth has been appointed Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

BRITISH RIGHTS IN AFRICA.

Sir Edward Grey has stated, in reply to a question put in the House of Commons, that the territory leased to the Congo Free State is part of the British sphere defined by the treaty of 1890, to which the Powers have never hitherto objected.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 20th.

All officers of the public service have been forbidden to take part in the religious ceremonies in honour of Joan of Arc, except in their private capacities.

The Chamber of Deputies has rejected a motion to abolish public executions.

May 21st.

The anarchist Henry was executed to-day. Cries of "Vive l'Anarchie!" came from the crowd.

SPAIN AND GERMANY.

Spain and Germany have decided to apply reciprocally the maximum tariff.

ANARCHISM.

May 22nd.

Six Barcelona anarchists, implicated in the attempt on the life of General Martinez-Campos some months ago, have been publicly shot, after petitioning for pardon.

FRENCH GOVERNMENT DEFEAT.

A question was put to the Government in the Chamber of Deputies on the subject of railway unions; and a motion calling on the Government to permit the State railway workmen to form associations was carried by the Opposition by 351 to 223. The Ministers have resigned.

May 24th.

M. Bourgeois, called on by President Carnot to form a Cabinet, has declined to make the attempt.

M. Deguy, who was next called on, advises a Radical Cabinet.

The foreign press unanimously regrets the fall of Premier Casimir-Perier.

May 25th.

M. Peytral has refused to form a Cabinet. President Carnot is renewing his appeal to M. Bourgeois.

ALL GAS.

The trouble between Brazil and Portugal is not likely to come to anything. Amicable negotiations are proceeding satisfactorily.

CHOLERA.

Cholera has broken out in Poland.

SPAIN.

MADRID, May 16th.

The King's birthday honours include the remission of a quarter of the sentence on all common criminals.

May 18th.

The new tariff for the Philippines will be ready by June 1st and will not be greatly altered from the last.

May 20th.

Germany has decided on a tariff war against Spain, and Spain retaliates, commencing to-morrow.

EARTHQUAKES IN SOUTH AMERICA.

The earthquakes previously reported in Venezuela have destroyed forty towns.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

H.M.S. *Peacock* arrived at Singapore from Port Dickson on May 22nd.

The London Lyric Company intend opening for a short season in Shanghai on or about the 2nd proximo.

TYPHOID fever is very prevalent in Kobe just now, fifty-three cases having been reported in one week.

We are informed by the Agents of the Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co. that the Company's steamer *Gisela* left Kobe yesterday for this port.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s royal mail steamer *Empress of Japan* arrived at Kobe at 10.30 p.m. yesterday, and left again at noon to-day for Vancouver, via Yokohama.

The latest addition to Japan's great mythical "Zoo," according to the native press, is "a bird having a face like a dog, webbed feet, and a thick covering of snow-white feathers."

A REGULAR meeting of the Victoria Precinctory will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, this evening, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely. Visiting knights are cordially invited to attend.

BERLIN BLOT on Drainage.—It was all nonsense about blotting der drains to stop der smell. I had just myself met seventeen plants of beer, and now men breath smells more as never was.

SIR W. TROCKMORTON'S day colt Avington, by Melton out of Annette, 4 years, 8st. 11lb, started at 1.45 for the Kempton Park Jubilee Stakes of 3,000 ruvs, and won easily by three lengths from Lord Cadogan's Prisoner and Colonel Nuth's El Diablo. Calder rode the winner.

FOR the heinous crime of having scribbled on a portrait of the Mikado, a young school teacher is now awaiting his trial in Japan, presumably for high treason. This incident is on all-fours with that of the Prussian recruit, arrested and committed the other day for having scribbled mottoes (attributed to his body). The question as to whether the latter had the audacity to put an anarchistic "chop" on his soul has not yet been decided—the authorities are waiting for his execution.

A NANKING letter, recently received in Shanghai, states that the local magistrates having decided as to the identity of the actual murderer of the widow, who was killed for her money last summer, by the eldest son of the Nanking Supervisor of Instruction, Ch'ih, was sent recently to Soochow for final confirmation of his sentence for the crime, at the hands of the Provincial Judge. The young man was arrayed in a complete suit of red—this being the regulation clothing for a convicted murderer.

We are indebted to the thoughtfulness—altruism of Messrs. Hopkins & Co., who have lately started business as general commission merchants in this colony for a sample bottle of a new blend of whisky just introduced on the Hongkong market. This is the famous "Perthshire blend" distilled by Messrs. John Dewar & Sons in "the Fair City," who supply Splend and Pond, the Imperial for hire at South Kensington and other notable public houses, and who hold no fewer than twenty-three gold and silver medals for their Scotch whisky. We can recommend this triple as a sound and well-matured whisky, pleasant to the taste, and which, apparently, hasn't a headache in a barrel of it.

Thus the Kiangling correspondent of the *Shanghai Mercury*, under date May 23rd.—The United States gun-vessel *Monterey* arrived last night, and left this morning for Ichang. The Kiangling water-mark register to-day 34 feet 4 inches. Since the opening of the tea market, several of the other steamers have had to suspend the arrival of the Poyang lake boats, conveying winds and calm, which have been prevalent of late, these boats are unable to stem the strong current. If the Native tea-men would employ a powerful steam tug to tow the boats up from the mouth of the Poyang lake, much valuable time would be saved. I hear that the Kiangling Local Post authorities will commence the issuing of stamps this week. Judging from the numerous applicants from all parts of China, the issue will be rapidly sold. 105,000 half-cent stamps are already booked; one Shanghai resident has applied for 95,000. That there is money in the venture, I have not the slightest doubt.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamship *Rohilla*, with the next English mail, left Singapore for this port at 6 p.m. yesterday, and is expected here about 6 p.m. on the 3rd proximo.

THE *Strait Times* says that some surprise has been evinced in Singapore at the neglect of the Hongkong Government in not supplying daily all possible information regarding the progress of the plague, as specially requested.

A VENERABLE pair, whose joint ages total up 270 years, have been unearthed in Japan. The man was born in 1760, and the woman two years earlier. Fourteen sons, all of whom are living, represent the life's work of this Darby and Joan.

"GYMKHANS" are likely to become popular in the Straits Settlements, the Singapore Sporting Club having followed Hongkong's example of providing periodical amusement, both for the classes and masses on Saturdays, during the off-season.

We read that more than 160 Japanese journalists met at Tokyo on a recent Sunday, and decided to support the Strict Treaty Enforcement agitators, to work for the formation of Responsible Cabinets, and to abolish the suspension of newspaper clauses from the Press Law.

Old Soke.—Haven't seen you for a week, man!

Belle Blot.—Neh, I was join der Whitewash Brigade mit der Sanitary Board and clean out Tai-ping-shan. Der was brandy supplied free at der Tug Wah hospital to keep off der infection!

COUNT ITO is reported by the *Osaka Mainichi* to have agreed to a proposal for a new subsidy to the Nippon Yusen Kaisha for the purpose of opening a new steamship service to Europe. The Japanese Government, it says, will probably present a bill to the Diet to authorize the necessary appropriation.

FRESH alternative offers, says the *Strait Times* on account of the depreciation of the dollar. It is understood that the Secretary of State offers the choice of half-pay at 35 and pay while at home on leave at 45 or half pay (while here) at home on half pay at 35, 40, to the dollar, and the other half at exchange rate.

SEVERAL French newspapers which arrived to-day, addressed in plain print to the *Hongkong Telegraph* office, were delivered by the poor overworked and underpaid Post Office people at the Colonial Veterinary Surgeon's Office in return for a reward of one postage stamp will be given to anybody who can tell what on earth possesses the G. P. O. of Hongkong.

ACCORDING to the *Peking Gazette*, Hsi Yuan, Marquis of Chingy, Superintendent of the Ministry of Maritime Customs and military governor of the Tientsin city, Foochow, memorialized the Throne to be allowed to contribute the sum of Tls. 20,000 as a special gift from him in aid of the Birthday Fund of the Empress-Dowager's sixtieth anniversary. The memorial offer was graciously accepted.

A HALF-CASTE Children's Protection Society (form Education and Protection des Jeunes Méts Français) has been formed in Paris, to rescue and bring up orphans or other children of French parents who are in danger of being abandoned or of falling under pernicious influences. The society starts with a small subscription, but might easily be made self-supporting. This may almost be regarded as a step in the direction of the rearing of children by the state.

THE *Shanghai Mercury* of May 23rd says:—"We hear that the Municipal authorities are preparing for all emergencies likely to arise in the event of the plague reaching here from Hongkong. They have arranged about thirty beds in the chapel at Potting, and erected an extensive row of mat-sheds, in which they can accommodate a very much larger number. It is certainly a wise proceeding on the part of the Council, and shows in strong contrast to the action of the Hongkong authorities in letting some time elapse after the plague had reached them before they took any steps to prevent its spreading."

THE Earl of Rosebery's Ladas, by Hampton out of Illustrious, started first favourite for the Two Thousand Guineas, at odds of 6 to 1, and in the accomplished hands of Jack Watts won easily by a length and a half from Lord Alington's Melchior (9 to 4 agt.). Mr. Cannon, with 81 Blimbley's Maples dark Athlete (1000 to 15 agt.) won the Derby this day week without much difficulty, but the running in the Guineas has so frequently been upset on Epsom Downs that it is quite on the cards the outsider Athlete may give the Prime Minister's crack more trouble than is generally anticipated in the racing world.

THE Harkow correspondent of our Shanghai morning contemporary writes on May 21st:—"A quieter tone has prevailed in our market during the past few days, though we see no appreciable difference in prices. Teas that show any quality are still largely sought for, these are now limited to arrivals among third-class Nanking and Oushan, Oushan generally are somewhat weak and have a tendency to be very little bit at all above common. Kacmus prices are well maintained by a small daily business, though offerings are mostly of poor quality and show hardly any improvement on last year's yield of the same grade. Comparative statistics to date are as follows:—

| | 1894. | 1893. |
|---------------|---------|---------|
| Arrivals..... | 515,103 | 631,658 |
| Stocks..... | 359,808 | 413,393 |
| Stocks..... | 145,300 | 318,205 |

The export to date is 762,071lb. against 811 at same date last year. Rate for four months' credit 3s. against 3s. 11½d.

THE *Peking Gazette* of May 19th contains the following retraction and apology for its attack on Mr. Sweetenham, the British Resident at Peking.—With reference to our leading article, which appeared in the issue of the 30th April last, we regret to find that it contained several inaccuracies and statements and expressions contained in that article impugning or suggesting knowledge on the part of Mr. Sweetenham of the malpractices therein alleged or referred to, and to express our regret that we should have used in the said article language which reflected improperly and unfairly upon the administration of Peking by Mr. Sweetenham as British Resident. We desire to equally apologize for constituting the libel to which we originally gave currency, by copying two subsequent issues of the *Peking Gazette* the remarks made by other newspapers on our said article. The Resident of Peking having, through his solicitors, demanded an apology for the imputations against him in the leader to his solicitors, we constituted an apology to his solicitors, but not to the man himself, who was unable to appear at the same without reference to their client. Mr. Sweetenham having been absent from Peking, could not attend to the matter till his return, hence the delay in publishing the above.

"THE Harmonists" Circus has been performing to wonderful business in Singapore.

IMPROVEMENTS for the convenience of shipping, at an estimated cost of over 160,000 ynn, are to be carried out at Kobe.

THE deaths at Agra from enteric fever, are reported by Lieuts. Lindsay, Rose, and Walker, of the East Surrey Regiment.

THE *Rangoon Times* says that the rumours of Russian troubles on the Afghan frontier may be regarded as without foundation.

THE *Foochow Echo* of the 19th inst. announces that Mr. G. G. Smith has assumed charge of the German Consulate at Foochow.

THE Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s royal mail steamer *Empress of China* arrived at Kobe at noon yesterday, and left again at midnight for this port, via Nagasaki and Shanghai.

DISATISFACTION amongst the Government servants at the continued fall of exchange is said by a Rangoon paper to be increasing throughout India, and the decline is crippling all useful work.

AN Emergency Convocation of St. Andrew's Chapter, No. 218, S.C., will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, to-morrow, at 8.30 for 9 p.m. precisely. Visiting companions are cordially invited.

THE *Peking Gazette* reports the report that the Regency of Kipon, Secretary of State for the Colonies, has notified his willingness to reduce the Straits Settlements annual military contribution twenty-five per cent.

MARRIAGE in the Tottori prefecture of Japan does not seem to be altogether a success. Last year 370 couples were joined in matrimony while no fewer than 995 burst the holy bonds asunder in the divorce courts.

THE drawing of tiles for the Hongkong Chess Championship tournament took place this afternoon. The winners in Bank of China, Q.C., and Mr. H. E. Pollock, in Bank Buildings, will be open on Monday next (June 4th) and Tuesday (7th) at 5 p.m. for members of the Chess Club.

A SINGAPORE contemporary says in its issue of May 22nd that "one of the effects of the great fall in exchange a fortnight ago in Bombay was a corner in silver, the price of the metal rising to Rs. 97 per 100 tolas. It does not pay banks to buy silver in London and sell in India, owing to the continued depreciation in the sterling value of the rupee, and hence the local corner has been rendered possible."

DURING the temporary absence of Viceroy Li Hung-chang inspecting the Chinese Northern Fleet and the defences in the Gulf of Pechili, Ch'ih Pang-chen, Salt Commissioner of Tientsin, will take over the seals of office of the Viceroyalty Superintendency of Trade for the Northern Provinces and Director-Generalship of Salt Revenue for the Ch'ingli circuit (Chili) and parts of Shanai and Hovan.

THE *Singapore Free Press* of May 22nd says:—"On arrival this morning from Amoy and Swatow, the steamer *Nantian*, Capt. Blackburne, was boarded, in accordance with the general order issued recently, but she was granted pratique and allowed to proceed to the wharf. The latter steamer, however, ordered into the quarantine anchorage. The *Nantian* signalled about 2.15 p.m., anchored outside, and it is understood will not come to the wharf, but will proceed direct to Europe."

WE regret to learn that yesterday the doctors attending Mr. T. F. Hough, the popular Clerk of the Course of the Hongkong Jockey Club, died upon and performed another operation. It seems that one of the fractured bones did not knit satisfactorily and had to be re-adjusted, a delicate operation which Mr. Hough bore with characteristic pluck and fortitude. The limb was again encased in plaster of Paris, and it will be at least three weeks before the patient will be permitted to leave his bed. Verily the joys of jockeyship are not altogether unmixt.

THE Indo-China Co's steamer *Kuhsang*, Capt. Jackson, who arrived at Singapore from this port on the 21st inst., with 418 men, 31 women and 16 children—in addition to 215 natives (71 stowaways and 31 European passengers) on board, was at once placed in quarantine; but it was expected that pratique would be granted the following day. Seventy-one stowaways and 31 European passengers, added to the 485 Chinese and 315 natives, look a big order for a vessel like *Kuhsang*; however, the Singapore *Free Press* shipping man ought to know what he was writing and so we give him the benefit of the doubt.

SUPREME COURT.

IN SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

(Before Mr. A. G. Wills, Acting Puisne Judge)
May 30th.

CHOI CHU AGAIN.

The suit of Ng Sui against Choi Chu for 100y, piece of work done, was continued to-day. Mr. Choi appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. G. D. Williams for the defendant. Further evidence was given as to the nature of the work done—furniture-making and fitting at a mansion in Kwangtung. The defendant's contention was that the work was not finished satisfactorily. He protested that he had money enough but would not pay.
(Case proceeding.)

THE PLAGUE IN HONGKONG.

The most noteworthy feature in connection with the epidemic now raging worse than ever in our midst is, as stated in our last issue, the fact of Private Lockley of the Shropshire Light Infantry, who has been engaged in the cleaning operations in the infected districts, having been removed to the *Hygieia* suffering from a slight attack of bubonic disease. Today, however, two more privates of the same regiment, engaged in similar arduous work, were taken ill while on special duty in Tai-ping-shan, and were at once sent in "rickshaws" to the quarantine hospital. Upon making inquiries at the hospital in question this afternoon, a *Telegraph* reporter was informed that it would be impossible to present the fact that these men are absolutely suffering from plague. They are isolated and under close surveillance, and when sent back to their quarters this forenoon were in a high state of fever. Should they develop unmistakable symptoms of the plague they will, of course, be promptly removed to the *Hygieia*. Sq. Ser. from the last of one or two soldiers (engaged day after day in cleaning horrible latrines) having been detached with the plague-stricken men, the very reverse of what was the case, for it is, as a matter of fact, surprising that the worst employed in

the filthy dens have hitherto kept free from this disease, seeing that the conditions under which they have been labouring are anything but creditable to the Sanitary authorities. The soldiers now on this special and most unhealthy duty in the infected districts have to report themselves at the Tug Wah Hospital at 7 a.m. daily. That is to say, they commence their arduous duties immediately after a not too liberal breakfast; and, without being disinfected themselves, remain on the duty for several hours without tea, coffee or even a glass of grog being served out to them at regular intervals, and even should any of them wander back to the Tug Wah Hospital in search of some stimulant or of some good Samaritan willing to give them a pipe of tobacco or a cigar, all they find is a bottle of cold water on the table in the audience hall of that greatly-vaunted institution. This is not as it should be, and indicates a lack of forethought and meanness which is hardly in accordance with the well-known principles of Chinese hospitality.

The soldier who was taken ill with the prevailing epidemic yesterday, we were glad to learn late this afternoon, progressing as favourably as can be expected; no alarming symptoms having as yet developed.

Chinese doctor and two kampan women belonging to Yau-mai-lai were prosecuted by Sergeant Gidley at the Police Court this morning, before Mr. Hastings, for concealing the fact of two plague-stricken children being on board a certain sampan in Yau-mai-lai Bay yesterday. The Magistrate fined the alleged doctor 500, and ordered the sampan women to contribute half that sum to the Treasury as atonement for their sin.

The following returns show that the ravages of the plague in this colony are as alarming as ever:—
From noon yesterday until noon to-day:—
New Deaths Disch. Rem. under cases cured treatment
Hygieia..... 1 0 0 2
Kennedy-town 0 0 0 27
Glass Works..... 32 17 2 71
Private houses 0 11 0 0
Total..... 33 28 2 100

* Private Lockley of the S.L.I.
Deaths from the outbreak (5th May) up to May 29th, noon, 457; grand total, 485.
When the plague first broke out, it was confidently asserted that as soon as the rainy season fairly set in all danger would disappear. We have now had heavy rains for a fortnight, and the plague is worse instead of better—more widespread and more deadly. It was positively declared that none but Chinese, and they only through their own filthy way of living, could take the disease, and that atendants, etc., were practically in perfect safety. Now we have three British soldiers down with the epidemic, as a result of their work in the "Whiteash Brigade." The barracks once entered, there is no telling where it will end; the easy dream of immunity among Europeans is rudely dispelled. What are we then to expect? What reason is there for hoping that the plague will not go on until it has decimated the European and native communities alike?

"The only thing that can be done is to push on with the work of 'destroying' the sources of disease. There are hundreds of houses in Tai-ping-shan that will always be ineradicable breeding-grounds of disease-spots, as long as they exist; aid them must cease to exist. They must be totally demolished, or the plague can never be stamped out. It is idle to talk of cleaning; they are a mass of filth from top to bottom, the very bricks and stones and woodwork are impregnated with seeds of contagion. The utter destruction of such plague-spots is absolutely necessary, if we are to protect ourselves and our families from this black death."

Of course this means great loss to property-owners; and it serves them right. The mere loss of their wretched buildings is feeble punishment for the sin they have done in allowing matters to get into such a terrible state. It is criminal negligence; it is wholesale murder by parsimony. These loathsome tenements are built usually at about 45 a floor, and each floor-tenant requires into it holding a maximum of cock-lofts, to be re-let at twenty or thirty cents a room. Taking the Treasury and Land Office records, we find in the worst plague districts the following landlords:—

Market Street.—Spanish Dominican Procurator, Linstead and Davies (agents), Douglas Laprak (agents), Cheung Sui (the worst case in the street) and other Chinese.
Tung Loong Lane.—W. N. Bain, Chinese.
Sui Hing Lane.—W. N. Bain, Chinese.
Cheung Hong Lane.—Chau Tak Kwong, Wong Sui.
Ng Kwai Fong.—Tam Kit (known as author of some of the worst anti-foreign stories, &c., about taking healthy women and children and burying them alive in lime, &c.)

Circular Pathway.—Tang A Lok's estate; Chow Dat Tong.

Square Street.—W. T. Legg, Wei Yui, C. Palmer, Wong Tsui Hsi.

Bridge Street.—F. A. Gomez.

Rosario Street.—H. E. Pollock, Dominicans.

West Street.—Ho Kai, Ng Chai, Wo Hing.

Possession Street (all brothers).—Linsstead and Davies.

Pound Lane.—Chevalier Domitico Musso, R. Jones.

Rutter St.—Land Investment.

Rutter Lane.—R. Jones (a fearful place).

Tung Wo Lane (one of the very worst).—Granville Sharp.

First St.—Stemmen, Murry, Land Investment Co., E. Sharp, Dr. Manson, Dominicans, Steamboat Co.

Second St.—C. Palmer, E. R. Bellios (large amount).

Third St.—Sharp, Bellios.

High St.—Bellios.

THE ANTI-GAMBLING CRUSADE.

Although the Sam-sui-pu gambling houses have, as stated in our last issue, been closed in accordance with instructions received from the Tug-ill Yamen, yet the seductive *carriers* in Chinese Kowloon, which are just as objectionable as the Sam-sui-pu "halls," are carrying on their nefarious trade just as if the attention of the Central Government had never been directed by the British Minister to the absolute necessity for their complete suppression. There can, however, be no doubt that Mr. O'Connor, acting upon information received from the local Government, requested that all the gaming houses in the vicinity of the city of Victoria, and to which access is facilitated by free launches, should be closed once and for ever, and it is equally reasonable to conclude that the Tug-ill Yamen acceded to the request not in part but in whole, since the British Minister would unquestionably have declined to be a party to a scheme which on the face of it could but result in increasing the gambling in the city of Victoria.

of the Chinese, including the Commandant of Kowloon district, interested in the maintenance of these notorious sinks of iniquity which are a standing menace to the well-being of the residents of the colony. And it is just as well it should be known that the closing of these Sam-sui-pu does has so far been a "blind" and "unknowing" for the gambling houses in that street-smelling locality, although closed, have not been properly sealed up by the official dispatched from Canton to give

